

THE OWOSSO TIMES

Entered at the Postoffice in Owosso for transmission as second-class matter. Published every Friday noon.

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 YEAR

OWOSSO, MICH., APRIL 28, 1911.

Miss Minnie E. Gurdon, aged 28 years, died Saturday at the family home on Frederick street, after an illness of many years of bowel trouble. The funeral was held Tuesday at the home, Rev. J. E. Somers officiating.

Mrs. Fred Fuller was arrested, Sunday, at the home of her daughter on Milwaukee street, in this city, and taken to Ithaca on a charge of bigamy. Having separated from her husband and a misunderstanding arising about financial matters she claims he is using some old story about her having gone through a form of marriage many years ago in Ohio, all of which she denies.

PRUNE AND SPRAY.

Orchardmen Must Do So if They Want Good Crops.

If the owners of apple orchards in Michigan want a crop of fine fruit they must prune and spray their trees; and the most important of all the sprays for destroying the codling moth is the one made just after the blossoms have fallen. The reason that it is important to spray at this time is because, on an average, about 80 per cent of the worms for the year try to enter the apple at the calyx or blossom end. If the poison can be placed in the blossom before it closes it remains there to catch the 80 per cent of the first brood. In doing this the second brood is also lessened by 80 per cent. The poison then remains within the calyx to kill 80 per cent of the second brood that was left. It is also important because if the poison is not applied before the calyx closes, the 80 per cent of worms that enter at the calyx then have free access to the apple without danger of being poisoned, and no amount of spraying afterwards can get them. So the best time to poison the worms that are to enter the apples at the calyx in August, September and October is when the blossoms have nearly all fallen from the trees.

Alfalfa in Rotation.

We shall make no excuse for quoting liberally and frequently from Mr. Wing's book on "Alfalfa Farming in America." The experience, judgment and conclusions therein expressed, agree so thoroughly with our own as exemplified on the Hoard's Dairyman Farm, that we are anxious for our readers to get them and adopt them as soon as possible. There is no crop today, except it be corn, that is of such vital importance to the farmer who keeps cows, as alfalfa. Many farmers object to it because they say it does not fit well in rotation. There is no good reason in this assertion, that we can use, except it be that they dread to plow up a good field of alfalfa yielding three to five tons of splendid hay to the acre. But that is a reason selfish for the pocket for present profit and not of wisdom for the soil for its future preservation. In farming, in particular, a man must look constantly to the future, for what is best, say, five or ten years ahead, or else he soon finds that he has no future. On the point of rotation with alfalfa, Mr. Wing says:

"On land well suited to alfalfa growing it establishes itself as soon as red clover. The following year after being plowed it will make half more hay than will red clover and the hay is of better quality." [Worth double as a feed for milk.—Editor.]

"It may then be plowed under as red clover would be or it may continue another year with more profit, while red clover can not, since that plant is almost biennial in its nature. So it is certainly not true that alfalfa can not fit into a rotation no matter how short it is. Even as a catch crop in corn it found when I mixed red clover, alfalfa and crimson clover together and sowed at last cultivation, that I got more plants through the winter of alfalfa than of the other clover."

"Don't lose on good lands, filled with lime, alfalfa as a manuring crop to be sown in corn would be more profitable than almost anything that could be sown. The difficulty in the way of this use is, that usually the seed is too dear and when one gets a good stand of alfalfa he sees too much profit in leaving it to let him desire to plow it under."

It will be noticed that Mr. Wing all the time, places great emphasis on there being "plenty of lime in the soil." He sees this great fact clearer than ordinary farmers do. It is hard for the farmer to see why, in a limestone country, he should go to the expense of buying a carload of ground limestone to make sure an alfalfa crop. But he will see it sometime. It would be a good thing for farmers to form stock companies and build a ground limestone factory near some good quarry and thus give them an abundance of this great food for alfalfa and clover at a cheap rate. Such a factory will cost no more than a first-class creamery.—Hoard's Dairyman.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get Doan's Regulator. They operate easily, tone the stomach, cure constipation.

The Owosso high school base ball team was defeated Saturday, at St. Johns, 15 to 11, the game being poorly played on account of the cold weather.

Hives, eczema, itch or salt rheum sets you crazy. Can't bear the touch of your clothing. Doan's Ointment cures the most obstinate cases. Why suffer. All druggists sell it.

Past That Now.

Bystander—My boy, some day you'll bring sorrow to your father's gray hairs. The Bad Boy—No danger, sir. Worrying about me has made him bald.—Philadelphia Times.

The U. S. Government in its "Pure Food Law" does not "indorse" or "guarantee" any preparation, as some manufacturers in their advertisements would make it appear. In the case of medicines the law provides that certain drugs shall be mentioned on the labels, if they are ingredients of the preparations. Ely's Cream Balm, the well-known family remedy for cold in the head, hay fever and nasal catarrh, doesn't contain a single injurious drug, so the makers have simply to print the fact that it complies with all the requirements of the law.

Highly Improper.

"What is the proper thing for a man to do when his wife asks him for money and he hasn't any?" queried young Newed. "Oh, there isn't any proper thing to do under those circumstances," replied Oldwed. "Anything he does will be wrong."—Chicago News.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

one size smaller by using Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for swollen, tender, aching feet. It makes walking a delight, relieves corns and bunions of all pain, and gives rest and comfort. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

OWOSSO MARKETS.

Owosso, Mich., April 28, 1911.

GRAINS	
Wheat, white.....	\$.80
Wheat, red.....	.80
Oats.....	.32
Rye.....	.80
Barley.....	\$1.40 per Cwt
Choice hand picked beans.....	1.70
Other beans 5c per bu. off for each lb. picked.	
Cloverseed, Alayke.....	\$7.00 to \$7.50
Clover seed, June.....	\$7.00 to \$7.50
Clover seed, Mammoth.....	"
Hay.....	\$12 to \$12.50
DRESSED MEATS	
Beef, dressed.....	6 to 8
Calves, dressed.....	8 1/2
Pork, dressed.....	8
Tallow.....	6c
LIVE POULTRY	
Hens, fat.....	15
Young chickens.....	15
HIDES	
Beef hides, green.....	7
Horse hides, each.....	\$3.25
PRODUCE, VEGETABLES, FRUITS.	
Butter.....	21
Eggs.....	15
Honey, per pound.....	
New Maple Syrup.....	\$1.25
Apples.....	1 00
Potatoes.....	35
Onions.....	80

Many Children Are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

For Sale—One pair Mules, weight 2500, four and five years old, good workers, P. W. Bane, Ovid, Michigan.

Dr. O. McCormick,
Physician, Surgeon, Etc.

Special attention given to the treatment of diseases by means of Electricity. Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, Sciatica and a number of Nervous Diseases readily yield to this form of treatment. Office and Residence, No. 230 East Exchange St.

Spring and Summer

Term now open in all Departments of Detroit Business University, so well located in new, clean, fireproof quarters, at 65 Grand River Ave. West, Detroit, Mich. Write for catalogue. E. R. Shaw, Sec. Treas.

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OSBORN

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OSBORN SLASHING APPROPRIATIONS

Last Days of Session Witness Passage of Many Bills.

SENATE WILL NOT TRY RUSSELL

Total Number of Measures Introduced In Both Houses During the Term Was 1,055—Legislature Will Assemble May 2 For Final Adjournment—Special Session Unlikely.

(Special Correspondence).

Lansing, Mich.—Although the smoke of battle has cleared away and the members of the legislature returned home after the shortest session for the past thirty-four years, it is too early to pass judgment upon the merits of the action of the legislature, as during the closing hours hundreds of bills were passed by the senate and house with amendments attached, the meaning of which very few except the members interested can understand. Those legislators, however, who introduced bills with hidden "jokers" or for the special benefit of certain interests may be sorely disappointed, because Governor Osborn gives every bill his closest attention and in many instances obtains the advice of the attorney general upon subjects referred to in an act that looks doubtful to him, and it is a safe guess that a number of acts will be vetoed by the governor.

Slashing Appropriations.

Out of the twenty appropriation bill passed, Governor Osborn has up to this time vetoed items aggregating about \$300,000. Some of the appropriation acts are not even printed, but judging from the fact that the senate during the last day of the session in-



GOV. CHASE S. OSBORN

Chief Executive is busily engaged in vetoing bills carrying unnecessary items of expense.

are the appropriations approximately \$500,000 over the figures set by the house, it looks certain that Governor Osborn will at least reduce these appropriations to the mark fixed by the house, and perhaps less. Judging from all indications, Governor Osborn will make a slash all the way between \$750,000 to \$1,000,000 of the appropriations as passed by the legislature.

He believes that the condition of the state treasury demands the strictest economy. In order to place the state treasury on a basis so that all legitimate demands can be complied with, the governor has insisted that sufficient appropriations were made to wipe out the existing deficit and leave a working fund of \$100,000 in the state treasury.

Under these conditions the governor believes it would be an injustice to the taxpayers of the state to put upon them an additional burden of \$1,000,000 for the purpose of making certain improvements at the several state institutions. Before he was elected governor, he pledged himself to a thorough house cleaning wherever needed and the strictest economy in all departments. He is convinced now more than ever that there is plenty of opportunity to redeem his pledges to the people, and for this reason bills carrying special appropriations for new buildings at institutions which can get along without these improvements for the next two years will be vetoed.

While the chopping off of some of the items concerning certain state institutions may cause some displeasure among persons interested, the state as a whole will be benefited by such action. The budget of 1911-12 is the first within the past eighteen years which will not show an increase over the previous budget.

Governor Osborn is not contenting popular approval or political favor, and for this reason the many protests and objections raised by persons interested in the appropriation bills prove of no avail.

Many Bills Introduced.

The total number of bills introduced in both houses during the session was 1,055. Of this total 627 were introduced in the house and 428 in the senate. The total number of bills passed and sent to the governor for his signature was 353.

Among the bills passed were a number increasing salaries of circuit court

stenographers in various judicial districts. Only one of these received the signature of the governor, a bill introduced by Senator Collins to increase salary of the stenographer of the Bay county circuit. The governor believes these bills are of a local character and that, according to the new constitution, the legislature has no right to pass such bills without attaching a referendum to the act.

Many Important Laws Enacted.

A great number of measures favored by the governor fell by the wayside, but it is only just to say that the legislature passed a number of acts that will prove of great benefit to the state. The Fowle bill repealing the mortgage tax law and substituting a re-liquidation fee of 50 cents for every \$100 mentioned in the mortgage is of great importance. This fee is final and takes place of all taxes against mortgages. Persons who are familiar with the operation of this act believe that the yearly income of the state from this source will come pretty close to \$500,000.

The bill introduced by Representative Fred Woodworth of Huron county is another bit of legislation which will have far-reaching results. This act repeals the special charter under which the Detroit, Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad operates and which enabled this railroad to escape its share of taxation, paying into the state treasury the same amount as the road did fifty years ago, when first constructed.

The Lord bill providing for a commission of inquiry to investigate the efficiency of the present system of taxation will be of great importance and enable the tax commission to secure better equalization and the placing of more taxable property upon the tax roll.

The Miller bill, guaranteeing officers of trusts immunity for testimony given as state witnesses, will enable that attorney general to more successfully enforce the anti-trust law.

The Symonds bill compelling upper peninsula railroads to carry passengers at the same rate charged by the railroads in the lower peninsula will prove a great boon to the people in the northern part of the state and aid in the settlement of vast agricultural lands in the upper peninsula.

The city home rule bill authorizing the use of the initiative, referendum and recall and providing for the amendment of city charters without a complete revision is of great interest to the larger cities in the state.

Responsibility for killing a large number of the measures suggested in Governor Osborn's message rests with the senate. On the whole, the house was more responsive and in closer touch with the governor than were the senators.

Although there was no organization of the administration forces in either house or senate, a number of strong men developed during the course of the session in both branches. These men, however, were not always on the administration side.

Representative Lord of Wayne will probably have the distinction of being the member who succeeded in passing the largest number of bills.

Booms Sprouted.

Friends of Gilbert A. Currie, second termor from Midland, have instituted a boom for him as a candidate for speaker of the next house. Currie has made a good record and is in good position to land the plum, as Speaker Baker has developed some aspirin towards becoming auditor general.

Many booms for state offices developed during the last week of the session.

Speaker Baker Dismisses Forces.

Contrary to time-honored tradition Speaker Baker served formal notice of dismissal to all employees of the house, thus cutting them off the pay roll of the legislature immediately after adjournment. It has been the custom of the legislature for years past to pay all employees from the time of temporary adjournment to the time of final adjournment.

Will Not Try Russell.

Since the senate refused to entertain the impeachment charges brought by the house against Warden Russell of Marquette prison, there will be nothing to detain the senate after May 2. Senators still hold the opinion that Warden Russell is not a civil officer under the meaning of the constitution; that he is the chief guard or keeper of the prison and ranks in the same category as other employees of the prison under control and direction of the prison board. Failure of the house to include members of the prison board in the impeachment gave the senators opportunity to reject it as an impeachment charge. The senate is judge and jury in such cases and the Russell affair in all probability will end with this action of the senate.

May Not Call Extra Session.

Unless some unforeseen situation arises, it is not probable that the legislature will be called in special session. Should congress pass the re-apportionment act, then the governor may call a session of the legislature next winter.

In Conclusion.

The legislative work of the session is finished. When the house and senate reassemble May 2, the journals of the proceedings April 26 will be read for approval, the governor's vetoes not already transmitted will be received, the usual routine details at closing will be followed, and the session of 1911 thereupon will adjourn sine die.

Roster, Owosso's Second Company

Following is the roster of the second company of volunteers organized in Owosso, Aug. and Sept. 1861, Shiawassee Guards, to serve three years, assigned to the 8th Reg. Mich. Inf. as Co. 1, Aug. 12, 1861. Left Owosso Sept. 16, for Fort Wayne; mustered into U. S. service, Sept. 23, 1861; Capt., Jay L. Quackenbush, Owosso, for whom Quackenbush Post G. A. R. is named; 1st Lieut., Albert Balmbridge; Byron; 2nd Lieut., James C. Merrill, Cornum; 1st Serg., Thomas Campbell, Byron; 1st Duty Serg., Wm. R. Smith, Owosso; 2nd Duty Serg., Bartley Seigle, Woodhull; 3rd Duty Serg., James W. Rich, Gaines; 4th Duty Serg., John J. Knoop, Shiawassee; Corporal, Cyrus H. Royce, Shiawassee; Corporal, John Bunting Shiawassee; Corporal, Davison Irind, Shiawassee; Corporal, Durand H. Williams, Shiawassee; Corporal, Benjamin Dutcher Shiawassee; Lamber S. Foster, Genesee county; Corporal Edwin Ayers, Shiawassee; Corporal Jeremiah Truefale, Genesee county; Drummer, Judson A. Clough Shiawassee; Amos, Jos., Shiawassee; Arnsce, Peter, Wayne; Arthur, David M., Shiawassee; Bentley, Frederick T., Shiawassee; Bitner, Robert, Shiawassee; Blinston, Thos. Livingston; Bronson, James W., Shiawassee; Brown, Henry, Shiawassee; Crammus, Geo. F., Shiawassee; Crammus, Peter F., Shiawassee; Card, Oscar F., Shiawassee; Car, Wm. H., Shiawassee; Chase, Wm. H., Shiawassee; Clark, Horace L., Shiawassee; Clark, Thos. F., Shiawassee; Clark, Thos. Owosso; Coleman, Phillips, Shiawassee; Colf, Wm. B., Shiawassee; Carson, Samuel B., Genesee; Davidson, Benjamin G., Saginaw; Decker, Lewis, Shiawassee; Decker, Martin A., Shiawassee; (The following are from Shiawassee county, unless otherwise noted.) De- munn, Wm.; Dutcher, Gibson; Eckman, John W.; Freeman, Charles; Freeman, William; Griswold, Rufus G., Livingston; Griswold, McDonald, Livingston; Hendee, Oscar P.; Hendee, Royal D.; Hubbard, Jacob; Jeydorn, Ruben; Jewell, Adontia; Jewell Geo. W. Kesler, Wm. H. Livingston; Klingensmith, Jacob M.; Kurrel, Frederick; Lamunion, Wm. W. Lum, Francis S.; McColium, Henry W.; McComber, Geo. W.; Martin, Ezra M., Livingston; Ogden, Edmon; Ott, Alpheus; Miller, Azro Oakland; Parshall, Asa, Genesee; Porter, Geo. W.; Prandle, John; Prindle, John; Ryness, Walter S.; Shoutz, John; Shisler, Wm. H.; Simmons, Benj. O.; Spear, Hiram; Stiles, Nelson W.; Titus, Dewitt; Turner, Wm.; Washburn, Benj. L.; Whitmore, Francis, Wolf, Simon, Oakland; Wood, Wm. H.; Young, Eugene D.; Batchelder, Alonzo, Shiawassee; Corporal Geo. W. Love, Shiawassee.

Mustered into state service Sept. 7, 1861; left Owosso for Fort Wayne, Sept. 16; mustered into state service Sept. 23; left Fort Wayne for Washington, Sept. 27; engaged in first battle at Port Royal, S. C., Nov. 7, second regiment to land on the shore of North Carolina.

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Ely's Cream Balm is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in sinisters 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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Baltimore, Md.—"I send you here with the picture of my fifteen year old daughter Alice, who was restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was pale, with dark circles under her eyes, weak and irritable. Two different doctors treated her and called it Green Sickness, but she grew worse all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and after taking three bottles she has regained her health, thanks to your medicine. I can recommend it for all female troubles."—Mrs. L. A. CORBRAN, 1103 Rutland Street, Baltimore, Md.



Hundreds of such letters from mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Young Girls, Heed This Advice. Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice, free.

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Over Owosso Savings Bank

OWOSSO, MICH.

Ordinance.

An ordinance regulating the speed of trains over certain streets in the City of Owosso.

The City of Owosso Ordinance:

Section 1. That hereafter it shall be unlawful for any engineer of any locomotive, upon any railroad in this city or any conductor in charge of any train being operated upon any railroad in this city to propel, or permit to be propelled any locomotive or train, over or across any of the following streets in the city of Owosso at a greater rate of speed than eight miles per hour, namely: Cornum Avenue, Oakwood Avenue, Michigan Avenue, West Main street, Shiawassee street, and South Michigan street. It shall also be unlawful for any engineer in charge of any locomotive or any conductor in charge of any train to propel or permit to be propelled any cars in advance of a locomotive working over or across either West Main street, Shiawassee street, Cornum street or Michigan Avenue, unless a member of the train crew of said train is on advancing end of said train to warn persons desiring to cross said railroad.

Section 2. Any conductor or engineer violating the terms of this ordinance shall upon conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding \$50.00 or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Section 3. This ordinance shall take effect twenty days after its publication according to law.

Passed and approved April 24, A. D. 1911.

OTTO L. SPRAGUE, Mayor.

Attest: ARTHUR H. DUMOND, City Clerk.

Ice Cream For Dessert

We have the kind that will surely please the most critical; every flavor. Remember our place when you wish Sherbets.

We Buy your Cream.

C. A. CONNOR

ICE CREAM COMPANY (Incorporated)

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OWOSSO, MICHIGAN